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Thermatec Technologies (Australian/NZ Operations)

Monoglass® Spray-On Insulation

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www.thermatec.com.au

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INSULATING YOUR WORLD FOR 25 YEARS

Thermal Insulation

Acoustic Control

Condensation Control



Monoglass® Spray-On Insulation was developed in 1979 when Mr. Douglas Eyrl recognized a need for a spray applied fiberglass insulation that could provide higher installed R-Values with easier application than the cellulose based spray insulations in use at the time.

The result was a versatile, safe and effective thermal and acoustic product that would better meet the needs of architects and installing contractors alike.

Monoglass® is a two-part product, which combines white, non-combustible, inorganic, elongated glass fibers with a non-toxic, formaldehyde-free polymer binder. It is spray applied in a quick, one pass application to achieve 127mm overhead or 178mm on vertical surfaces, without layering or mechanical support.

Monoglass® is the original spray applied fiberglass insulation and is used in many countries worldwide. Our reliability and competitive pricing has made Monoglass® the choice for architects, engineers, specification writers and building owners for over 25 years.



MONOGLASS® PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The Solution for Hard-to-Insulate Areas

Overhead and vertical surfaces can be applied quickly and easily in one pass without costly, slow layering or mechanical support.

Monoglass[®] combines soft glass fibers and polymer adhesive to create a non-combustible, non-toxic, insulation that can be quickly spray applied to virtually any surface or configuration.

Monoglass® is applied by trained applicators using approved equipment, ensuring quality control and consistency.



Department of Administration, Providence, RI. Complex concrete waffle ceiling easily insulated with Monoglass®.

The product is multi-purpose and is suitable for a multitude of applications, including:

- Multi-tenancy residences
- Stadiums & Arenas
- Hospitals
- · Office Buildings

- Airports
- Schools
- · Sports Facilities & Gymnasiums
- Swimming Pools

Monoglass® bonds easily to:

- Concrete
- Steel
- Fireproofing products
- Wood
- Gypsum
- · Rigid fiberglass and plastic insulations
- · Most painted surfaces

Monoglass® provides:

- · High Thermal Value
- Excellent Noise Reduction
- Non-Combustible
- Non-Toxic
- Permanent
- Quickly Installed
- Competitively Priced
- Inorganic
- 37% Re-Cycled Content
- No support for mold growth



HORIZONTAL SURFACES

Applications Below Occupied/Conditioned Spaces

Warm and cold climates need Monoglass®

In commercial or residential buildings, cold floors are eliminated with Monoglass® Spray-On without adding combustible elements to the structure. In warm climates, Monoglass® applied below air-conditioned spaces will help reduce building cooling time and costs. Overhead applications of 127mm can be installed in one pass with no mechanical support. With the addition of mechanical support, up to 178mm can be installed overhead.

K-Value: 0.25(BTU inch/(ft² hr°F)

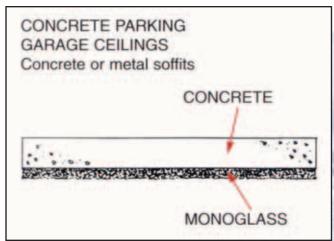
KSI: 0.036 W/(m°C) RSI: 27.7 Km²/Wm

ASTM C-518, National Research Council

- Permanent
- · High thermal value
- Fire Safe
- Monolithic
- · Clean & bright
- Low cost



Soffits insulated at Expo '86 to prevent cold floors.







Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, NC Concrete slab above drop ceiling is sprayed with Monoglass® to thermally insulate the occupied space above.



HORIZONTAL SURFACES



The Vancouver Library, Vancouver, B.C.

Non-combustible, inorganic, white Monoglass® improves fire and visual safety for the public in underground parking facilities.







Ohio State University Football Stadium Monoglass® insulates the concourses and undersides of the stadium's corporate suites.

THERMAL CONTROL 5

HORIZONTAL SURFACES

Terrace / Roof Garden Isolation

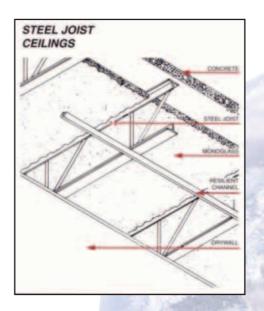
Monoglass® provides the most economical method of insulating and sound proofing the underside of roof terrace gardens.

In many climates, this also allows for the application of roofing membrane directly to the substrate without exterior insulation complications.





Wawanessa, Vancouver, BC Waisman Dewar, Grout, Carter, Architects





VERTICAL SURFACES

Thermal insulation and design flexibility

Monoglass® Spray-On has an exceptionally high thermal value creating savings in both heating and cooling costs by reducing fuel and power consumption. Monoglass® ensures higher internal surface temperatures within a building and minimizes "Cold Radiation", increasing individual comfort and shortening the time required for the artificial heating or cooling of the building.

As a result of the high R-value, thermal shock in the structure is reduced, particularly in pre-cast concrete and metal buildings.

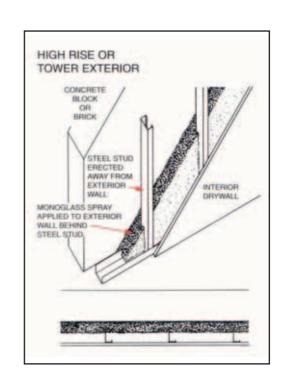
K-Value: 0.25(BTU inch/(ft2h9F))

ASTM C-518 National Research Council

Freedom of design and Monoglass® are partners in flexibility. Difficult configurations are easily insulated at low cost with a seamless application of Monoglass®.









Monoglass® insulated both the exterior walls and the underground parking areas of the Milner Avenue Office Tower, Toronto, ON.

THERMAL CONTROL 7

ASBESTOS REPLACEMENT





Re-spraying for condensation control and noise control.

Monoglass® Spray-On facilitates asbestos removal from manufacturing, maintenance and sales depots at low cost.

Asbestos is removed under negative building pressure to protect the outside environment. Exposed interior and projections are vacuumed, sealed, and reinsulated with Monoglass®.

- Non-Combustible
- Non-Hazardous
- "Building Green" approved
- Clean and Bright
- Comfortable

Cost-effective asbestos replacement

Re-insulation is quick and easy with Monoglass®

Monoglass® covers internal projections and fill voids on uneven surfaces. Quick installation means minimum plant down time.

Monoglass® also provides condensation control, protecting the structure from corrosion.

Better noise control is achieved, with reverberation time dramatically reduced.



Monolithic Monoglass*: thermal seal at lower cost than original asbestos.



Cost effective asbestos replacement. Building is re-insulated with Monoglass®.

FIRE SAFETY



Zero flame spread – with no chemical additives.

Because it is made from glass, Monoglass® is naturally a non-combustible material. Monoglass® does not require the addition of chemicals to control flammability, as all cellulose based insulations do. Furthermore, Monoglass® will never need to have such chemicals re-applied, reducing long term costs, and ensuring long term product safety.

Monoglass® is rated as a Class 1 Building Material and meets the requirements for non-combustible building materials.

Because Monoglass® is inorganic and non-combustible, it is approved for use in multi-story, multi-tenancy and high density structures.

Monoglass® has been tested for Fire Gas Toxicity, as per the University of Pittsburgh Protocol. Under the fire conditions simulated, Monoglass® produced a maximum of 3.5% concentration of CO₂ Carbon Dioxide and 0.30% CO Carbon Monoxide.

As a result, Monoglass® complies with strict requirements of The New York State Uniform Fire Prevention and Building Code, Article 15 Part 1120, and is listed as an approved product.





St. Luke's Hospital, Houston, TX.



Oceania Residential Development, Brooklyn, New York.



THERMAL CONTROL 9

NOISE REDUCTION

Acoustic Treatment - Noise control within a space

Monoglass®Spray-On provides aesthetics and excellent reverberation control in:

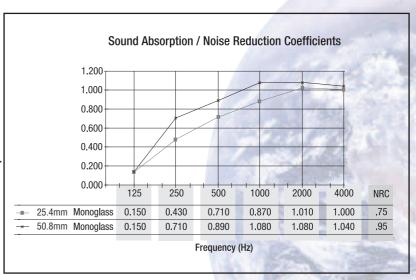
- Night clubs
- Auditoriums
- Theaters
- Restaurants

- Television and film studios
- Gymnasiums & sport facilities
- Factories and machine shops
- Offices and retail shops



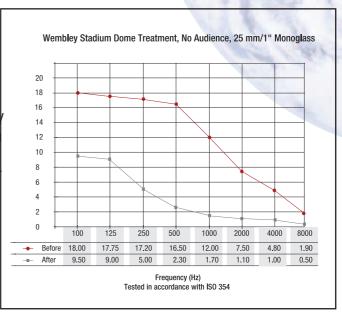
Monoglass® Spray-On's low compressive strength glass fiber produces noise reduction coefficients greater than many other insulations. This capability reduces airborne noise transmitted through the structure from external sources and provides superb absorption of internal airborne sound.

Monoglass® can be applied in several standard colors, or painted with an appropriate acoustic paint with minimal effect on the NRC or STC ratings.



Noise reverberation time can be greatly reduced with a minimal application of Monoglass®, as demonstrated in the Wembley Indoor Sport Stadium, Johannesburg, South Africa. Treated with only 1" / 25 mm of Monoglass®, the graph (right) depicts the reverberation times with 0% occupancy measured before and after treatment. This shows a considerable reduction in reverberation time over the entire frequency range, which resulted in major improvements in speech intelligibility.

Before treatment, speech conversations more than 6½ feet / 2 meters was very difficult. After treatment, even with the hall empty (no audience), conversation can now be conducted without any special effort.





SOUND CONTROL SOLUTIONS

Sound control in the environment has become absolutely necessary in a complex society, be it where we work, liveor play. Cotton-like Monoglass® Spray-On is non-combustible and exceeds older, inefficient, non-permanent systems without increasing construction costs.



NPC

Noise Reduction Coefficient - NRC

Monoglass® provides solutions for sound attenuation control within a confined space such as auditoriums, gymnasiums, factories and schools.

Sound Transmission Class - STC

Monoglass® provides solutions for sound levels between spaces such as between suites in multiple tenancy buildings, condominiums, townhouses and office buildings.





In addition to having high STC and NRC ratings, Monoglass® is pneumatically applied, which helps seal cracks and holes in plaster, fills voids normally left by batt insulations, and seals around plumbing and electrical outlets to prevent sound 'leaks'.

ACOUSTIC CONTROL 10

FIRE SAFETY & ACOUSTIC PERFORMANCE

Dual purpose – fire safety and acoustic enhancement.

Monoglass® Spray-On:

- is inorganic, non-combustible and will not provide any assistance to the build-up of fire.
- is rated a Class 1 Building Material per ASTM E-84.
- can be safely installed over fireproofing materials without affecting fire ratings.
- is permanently non-combustible and does not require occasional re-application of chemicals to maintain its flame spread properties, unlike some spray materials.
- is approved for use in multi-story, multi-tenancy and high population density structures.
- complies with or exceeds applicable building codes.



The Canadian Center for Architecture chose Monoglass® for use	
in their controlled environment archives.	

Monoglass®	FIRI	E SAFETY	
	25.4mm	76.2mm	
Flame Spread	0	0	
Fuel Contribution	0	0	
Smoke Development	0	0	
ASTM E84-79 and UL S102-1979			

Monoglass	Monoglass® SOUND ABSORPTION & NOISE REDUCTION COEFFICIENTS						
				AS	TM C423	3-77 & IS	0 354
Frequency			500	1000	2000	4000	NRC
° 17.78mm	0.020	0.123	0.385	0.736	0.859	0.835	0.55
25.40 _{mm}					1.010	1.000	0.75
35.56mm	0.267	0.363	0.816	1.008	1.074	0.916	0.80
= 50.80 _{mm}	0.150	0.710	0.890	1.080	1.080	1.040	0.95



SOUND TRANSMISSION

Acoustic treatment – Sound control between spaces



Minimum STC ratings are required under most building codes for partition walls, corridor walls and floor/ceiling assemblies. The higher the STC number, the greater the sound transmission resistance. A descriptive table outlining the various increments of STC class is shown below.

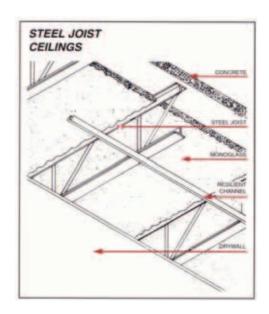
Changes in STC Rating	Changes in Apparent Loudness
+/- 1	Almost imperceptible
+/- 3	Just perceptible
+/- 5	Clearly noticeable
+/- 10	Twice (or half) as loud

Source: www.acoustics.com website March 2004

Interior sound walls and ceilings

A 37mm / 1.46 inch application of Monoglass® has been shown to increase the STC value of an assembly by 5, when tested to ASTM E-90-85. This will make a clearly noticeable difference when compared to an uninsulated wall or ceiling.

The STC ratings of Monoglass® insulation are similar to those of fiberglass batt insulations, however, because Monoglass® is sprayed in place it will fill voids that batt insulation may not. Also, Monoglass®' adhesives keep the insulation in place so that it will never settle over time leaving gaps.





Music Room, W.J. Mouat School, Abbotsford, B.C. Gordon Graham, Architects

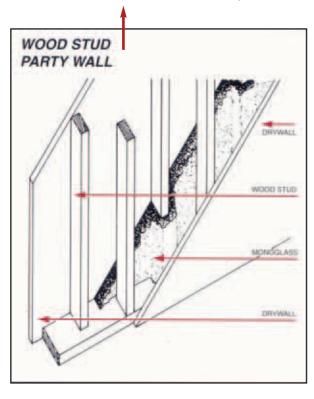


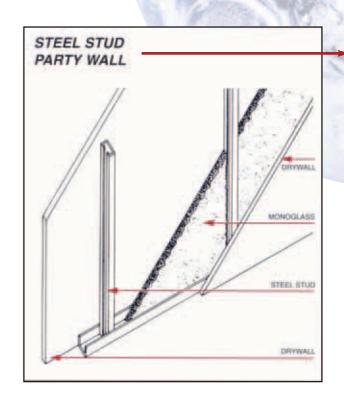
Monoglass applied above the drop ceilings to reduce sound transmission into occupied rooms above.

ACOUSTIC CONTROL 14

Wood Frame Plaster Partition

Code	Framing	Facing	Sound Transmission Coefficient
WF 5	2 rows 2 x 3 studs 1" apart at 16"o.c.	% " plaster both sides and 1½ " Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	49
WF 10	2 x 4 studs at 16"o.c.	2 layers ½" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	45
WF 15	2 x 4 studs at 16"o.c.	2 layers %" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	48
WF 20	Staggered 2 x 4 studs at 8" o.c. on 2" x 6" plate.	%" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	51
WF 25	Staggered 2 x 4 studs at 8" o.c. on 2" x 6" plate.	2 layers½" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	54
WF 30	Staggered 2 x 4 studs at 8" o.c. on 2" x 6" plate.	2 layers %" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	56
WF 35	2 rows 2 x 4 studs 1" apart at 16"o.c.	%" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	52







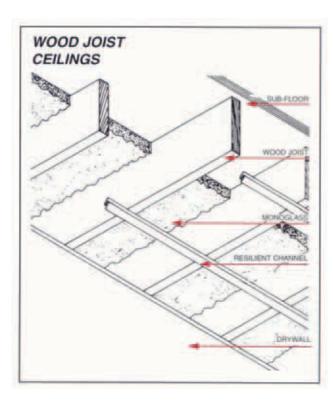
Steel Frame Plaster Partition

Code	Framing	Facing	Sound Transmission Coefficient
SF 5	1%" studs at 16" o.c.	%" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass®Spray-On between studs, one side.	46
SF 10	1%" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers ½ "plaster both sides and 1½ " Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	5 5
SF 15	2½" studs at 24" o.c.	½" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	47
SF 20	2½" studs at 24" o.c.	%" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	51
SF 25	2½" studs at 24"o.c.	2 layers ½" plaster one side, 1 layer ½" plaster other side and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	52
SF 30	2½" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers %" plaster one side, 1 layer %" plaster other side and 1½"Monoglass®Spray-On between studs, one side.	54
SF 35	2½" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers %" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	57
SF 40	3%" studs at 24" o.c.	½" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass®Spray-On between studs, one side.	48
SF 45	3%" studs at 24" o.c.	%" plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	50
SF 50	3%" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers½ "plaster one side,1 layer½" plaster other side and ½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	53
SF 55	3%" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers %"plaster one side,1 layer %"plaster other side and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	54
SF 60	3%" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers ½"plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	55
SF 65	3%" studs at 24" o.c.	2 layers %"plaster both sides and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between studs, one side.	56

ACOUSTIC CONTROL 16

Wood Joist Ceiling

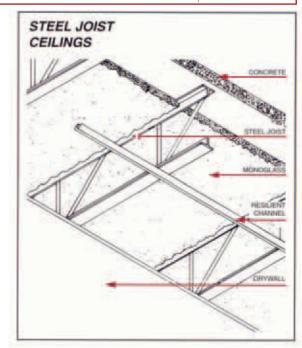
Code	Ceiling Joist	Facing	Sound Transmission Coefficient
WJ 5	2 x 8 joists at 16" o.c.	½" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	45
WJ 10	2 x 8 joists at 16" o.c.	%" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	46
WJ 15	2 x 8 joists at 16"o.c.	2 layers ½" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	50
WJ 20	2 x 10 joists at 16" o.c.	½" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	47
WJ 25	2 x 10 joists at 16" o.c.	%" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	48
WJ 30	2 x 10 joists at 16"o.c.	2 layers ½" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	53
WJ 35	2 x 10 joists at 16"o.c.	2 layers %" plaster and 1½" Monoglass® Spray-On between joists and plaster resilient channel.	54





Steel Joist Ceiling

Code	Joist & Floor	Facing	Sound Transmission Coefficient
SJ 5	12" steel joists 6 lb./ft. at 24"o.c.2"– 3000 PSI concrete floor	%" plaster on plaster furring channel at 24" o.c. and 1" Monoglass® Spray-On to concrete slab ceiling.	49
SJ 10	12" steel joists 6 lb./ft. at 24"o.c.2"– 3100 PSI concrete floor	1" Monoglass® Spray-On to concrete slab ceiling.	48
SJ 18	10"steel joists 4.8 lb./ft. at 24" o.c. 2½" – 4000 PSI concrete floor	½" plaster on plaster furring channel at 24" o.c. and 1" Monoglass® Spray-On to concrete slab ceiling.	50
SJ 20	12"steel joists 6 lb./ft. at 24" o.c.2"– 3500 PSI concrete floor	2 layers %" plaster on nailing channel at 24" o.c. and 1"Monoglass® Spray-On to concrete slab ceiling.	50
SJ 25	Hambro steel joists 10" deep 5.5 lb./ft.min.2½" or 3½" – 3500 PSI concrete floor, air duct, firestop flap, electrical outlets.	½" plaster on plaster furring channel at 24" o.c. and 1" Monoglass® Spray-On to concrete slab ceiling.	55



ACOUSTIC CONTROL 18



MARINE APPLICATIONS

Monoglass[®] has been used in container ships, private luxury yachts, ferries, U.S. Coast Guard ships and British naval vessels. Well over 100 ships worldwide use Monoglass[®] for it's superior thermal properties.

Monoglass® is also ideally suited as an acoustical treatment for the walls and ceilings of engine rooms and other noise generating areas of the ship where maximum levels of sound absorption are required.

For ship safety, Monoglass[®] is inorganic and non-combustible, and will not provide any assistance to the buildup of fire.

Monoglass® is particularly well suited for extremely low temperature service. Gulf Oil chose Monoglass® to thermally insulate their floating housing attached to their drilling operations in the Beaufort Sea, where temperatures reach -70°F/-56°C.

Thermal and acoustic insulation is quickly and economically achieved with Monoglass® Spray-On.



Marine Approvals

- Canadian Coast Guard (Steamship Inspection)
 No. F1-233
- ISO 1182 Part 1 of Annex 1 to IMO Resolution MSC.61(67), Part 1 of the FTP Code: Passed / Non-Combustible
- Lloyd's Register EMEA, Certificate of Fire Approval No. SASFO 30479
- Germanischer Llovd Nr. 4741/95 Ull/ABi
- China Corporation Register of Shipping, 321-97-22
- See-Berufsgenossenschaft Nr. 114245
- Siglingamalastofnun Rikisins No. S.R.15.05.95.04



Gulf Oil – Beaufort Sea Crew Housing. Acoustic separation and full thermal resistance achieved prior to interior lining of ship.





SPECIAL FEATURES 19

SPORTS FACILITY APPLICATIONS

Gymnasiums, Swimming Pools, Ice Arenas & Stadiums

Monoglass® Spray-On will not absorb moisture easily or support mold growth, and so it is ideally suited for ice arenas, swimming pools and other applications subject to high relative humidity. In addition, the high light reflectance adds to the overall brightness of the location.

Moisture Absorption per CGSB 51-GP-36P: Maximum allowable 20%, Monoglass® Result: 4.9%

Fungus and Bacterial Resistance per ASTM G-21-90: Result: Monoglass® received a "zero growth" rating.



Paul Brown Stadium, Cincinnati, OH





Variety Club Children's Charity, Variety Village Swimming Pool, Sievenpiper Associates Inc., Architects



Kitchener Memorial Ice Rink



Victoria Curling Rink insulated for thermal and acoustic control.



SPORTS FACILITY APPLICATIONS



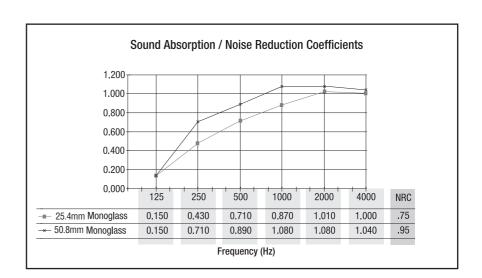


Arthur Ashe Stadium U.S. Tennis Association, Flushing Meadows, NY

K-Value: 0.25(BTU inch/(ft²h°F))

KSI: 0.036 W/(m°C) RSI: 27.7 Km²/Wm

Monoglass® SOUND ABSORPTION & NOISE REDUCTION COEFFICIENTS ASTM C423-77 & ISO 354 250 Frequency 125 500 1000 2000 4000 NRC 25.40mm 0.020 0.123 0.385 25.40mm 0.150 0.430 0.710 35.56mm 0.267 0.363 0.816 0.736 0.859 0.55 0.835 0.870 1.010 1.000 0.75 1.008 1.074 0.916 0.80 50.80_{mm} 0.150 0.710 0.890 1.080 1.080 1.040 0.95



SPECIAL FEATURES 21

MONOGLASS® OVER FIREPROOFING

Fireproofing & Monoglass® Insulation – The Effective Combination

Monoglass® is approved for use over fireproofing materials because it is non-combustible and will not affect the fire ratings of the fireproofing materials it is applied to. Because it is sprayed right over the fireproofing, it helps solve normally difficult design problems such as how to insulate the underside of corrugated steel decking.

Structural fireproofing and Monoglass® thermal/acoustic insulation combine to achieve required fire ratings, thermal values and acoustic properties on steel or concrete structures.

1st Application

Structural steel and concrete beams are sprayed with cementitious fireproofing material, to provide fire-resistance ratings.

2nd Application

Monoglass[®] is applied over fireproofing to achieve thermal and acoustic requirements, bonding easily and permanently to the fireproofing material beneath.



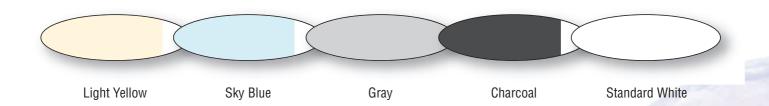
University of California Fireproofing over-sprayed with Monoglass® insulation.

Approvals

Monoglass® has undergone numerous tests over the past 25 years and meets the following standards for Non-Combustibility:

- ASTM E-136-82
- CAN 4-S114-78
- ISO 1182-90 / Part 1 of IMO FTP Code
- SABS 0177 Part V
- IMO Resolution A 472

MONOGLASS® COLOR SPRAY



Monoglass® Bonding Adhesives are now pre-tinted in four shades, allowing tinted finishes to be achieved without spray painting or dyeing. Tinted finishes are an excellent choice for any application that requires controlled lighting and acoustics.

Perfect for use in:

- Film Studios
- Theaters
- Night Clubs
- Gymnasiums
- Restaurants

Monoglass® Spray-On gives an attractive finish and excellent thermal and acoustic insulation performance all in one product.

Monoglass® also provides the added safety of being non-combustible, combined with higher thermal resistance than combustible cellulose insulations.

- K-Factor 0.25
- NRC .75 @ 25.4mm
- NRC .95 @ 50.8mm
- No Fungal / Bacterial Growth
- Flame Spread = 0
- Smoke Developed = 0
- Non-Toxic
- Non-Combustible

Approvals

- GreenSpec Approved Green Building Material
- New York State Building Standards: MEA 333-88M
- Canada Board of Steamship Inspection
- National Building Code of Canada: CCMC 10025-R
- State of California: CA-T318CN
- British Standards: BS-476 Part 4
- South Africa Bureau of Standards & International Standards Organization: Thermal, Acoustic & Non-Combustibility



ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY

GreenSpec, LEED and Recycled Content



Monoglass® is made from a combination of post consumer recycled glass and recycled manufacturing glass. The total volume of post consumer material is not less than 25%. When this is combined with the recycled manufacturing waste, the total recycled content of Monoglass® is not less than 37%.

Monoglass® has been installed in educational facilities, community centers, hospitals as well as a variety of other locations where environmental responsibility and product safety are of high concern.

What makes Monoglass® Green?

- The high R-value of Monoglass® is in itself part of the reason Monoglass® is considered a green product. By virtue of being a good thermal insulator, Monoglass® reduces the amount of fossil fuels required to heat a building, thereby reducing the amount of greenhouse gasses that are put into the atmosphere. In addition to this, the heating costs for the building are reduced.
- As an inorganic, naturally non-combustible material, Monoglass® needs no additional chemicals to reduce flammability.
- Monoglass® does not support the growth of mold/fungus, eliminating the need for chemical fungicides.
- As a white product with high light reflectance, Monoglass® reduces the amount of energy required to light an area. The high light reflectance also provides a safer environment at night.
- The PVA binder used in the Monoglass® application has only trace VOC emissions. When applied, the amounts of potential VOC emissions are approximately .000053% by weight.



Monoglass[®] is designed with the environment in mind. We believe that we all have a duty to be responsible to the world we inhabit. Our efforts in this area will continue and we will enhance the "green" attributes of Monoglass[®] whenever possible.

Monoglass® is a Building Green approved product.



Please visit their website www.GreenSpec.com for further information.

SPECIAL FEATURES 24

MOLD CONTROL

Monoglass® will not support mold growth

Unfortunately, mold has become a substantial problem in almost all areas of building construction. When a product is being chosen, the specification writer must have confidence that the product utilized will not support mold growth at any time during the life of the building. The health of the people using a building as well as liability considerations must be taken into account for the projected life span of any new project.

Monoglass® is a perfect way to help eliminate mold concerns.

How are we able to achieve this?

In order for mold to grow, there needs to be a food source. Organic, paper based products provide an abundant source of food. The only way for these products to reduce the risk of mold is through the addition of chemicals, which over time may lose their effectiveness.

As a fiberglass based product, Monoglass[®] is inorganic and therefore incapable of supporting mold growth. Simply put, the mold has no food source. There is no need for the addition of any chemical products to retard mold growth. Therefore, there is never a need to reapply any chemicals in order to maintain mold resistance.

Monoglass® provides peace of mind with the knowledge that as an inorganic compound, it will not support mold growth.



Monoglass® is perfect for use in high humidity areas such as swimming pools.



CONDENSATION CONTROL

Monoglass® Spray-On combined with proper ventilation prevents condensation on the internal face of a structure by maintaining the temperature of the air on the internal face, nearer to that of the air temperature in the rest of the building.

Monoglass® provides this protection particularly well on metal buildings and buildings with similar exposed projections on the inside wall, which can be sprayed in conjunction with the exterior cladding, providing a monolithic thermal barrier.

K-Value: 0.25(BTU inch/(ft²h°F))

KSI: 0.036 W/(m°C) **RSI:** 27.7 Km²/Wm



Permanent adhesion to metal cladding.

Monoglass® Spray-On was used to replace hazardous asbestos on B.C. Hydro & Power Authority pumping and metering stations, providing high thermal value, condensation control and noise abatement without fire or health hazard.





B.C. Hydro & Power Authority pumping and metering stations 19 gas pumping stations Vancouver to Hope, B.C.

COLD AND FREEZING CLIMATES - Require Special Considerations

When considering a self-supported interior insulation for a <u>heated</u> metal building, where no vapour barrier will be used on the warm side of the insulation, consult with a local HVAC professional to determine what amount of insulation is appropriate for your building to avoid possible formation of a dew point inside the insulation.

SPECIAL FEATURES 26



INTERNATIONAL PROJECTS

Monoglass® has agents and installing contractors in numerous countries around the world including The United Kingdom, Australia, The Peoples Republic of China, Turkey, Korea, and Taiwan. We have also supplied projects in far-away places such as Mauritius, a small French speaking island-country off the east coast of Africa.





Hanger for the Ministry of Defence, United Kingdom
The Ministry of Defence chose Monoglass® to convert
some rather large sheds into workshops to maintain
and repair tanks. Although the buildings they had were
certainly large enough, they were not suitable in other
areas; the buildings were cold in winter, too hot in
summer, noisy to work in and very dark and dismal.
The application of Monoglass® remedied these
problems.



Building FC2 Canary Wharf Project, London, United Kingdom

This massive Reichman Bros. Project has been many years in the creation. Almost 15 years in the making, it has become a large urban live/work environment, now populated with some of the world's most prestigious companies.



Mauritius Telecommunication

Monoglass® was used for thermal protection of Mauritius Telecommunication's sensitive electronic equipment.

PROJECTS 27

INTERNATIONAL PROJECTS



Marine insulation is big business in The Netherlands Monoglass® is popular for marine applications in The Netherlands, where it is used in freighters, pleasure crafts and warships. Because it is non-combustible, Monoglass® has been approved for marine use in The Netherlands by Lloyds Register.



Heritage Building Renovation, The Netherlands
Old plaster ceilings were given an attractive new finish with Monoglass®, while greatly reducing the noise reverberation problems within this heritage building.



London School for mainstream & deaf children Monoglass® was chosen for acoustic insulation in this school project. The school caters to children with hearing difficulties therefore first class sound attenuation was essential.



INTERNATIONAL PROJECTS



Existing Rope Manufacturing Plant, Kaohsuing, Taiwan This existing factory was quickly and easily insulatd with Monoglass®, greatly improving temperature and noise control in one application.



Office Building, Taiwan

Monoglass® was applied over the fireproofing on the parking and loading area ceilings, insulating the occupied spaces above from outside temperatures.



Can manufacturing plant, Hoorn, Netherlands
The underside of the metal roof was sprayed with
Monoglass® for acoustic control in the manufacturing
areas.

PROJECTS 30

This is a partial list of the projects completed by **Monoglass**® installers over the past 25 years.

Airports

- John F. Kennedy Airport, Queens, NY
- Logan International Airport, Boston, MA
- McKinney Airport, McKinney, TX
- Pearson International Airport, Toronto, ON
- Rochester International Airport Main Terminal, Rochester, NY
- San Francisco International Airport, San Francisco, CA
- · Vancouver International Airport, Vancouver, BC

Convention Centers

- Melbourne, Australia
- Canada Place, Vancouver, BC
- · Moody Gardens Resort, Galveston, TX
- Providence Convention Center, Providence, RI

Educational Facilities

- Arleta Public School, Portland, OR
- Blessed Sacrament Church School, Boston, MA
- Emily Carr College of Art and Design, Vancouver, BC
- Ethel Walker School, Simsbury, CT
- Hidden Lakes School, Saginaw, TX
- J. Frank Dobie High School, Houston, TX
- Nolin Middle School, Killeen, TX
- Ontario College of Art and Design, Sharp Centre, Toronto, ON
- Parkrose High School, Portland, OR
- Portland Christian School, Portland, OR
- Shiver Road Elementary School, Saginaw, TX
- Southern Methodist University, Meadows Museum, Dallas, TX
- University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC
- University of California (Oakland), Oakland, CA
- University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, Chapel Hill, NC
- Wellesley College, Wellesley, MA



Vancouver International Airport, Vancouver, BC



Providence Convention Center, Providence, RI



Ontario College of Art and Design, Sharp Centre, Toronto, ON



Hospitals

- Anchorage Neighborhood Health Center, Anchorage, AK
- Children's Hospital, Brookline, MA
- Children's Hospital, Providence, RI
- Gaston Memorial Hospital, Gastonia, NC
- · Miriam Hospital, Providence, RI
- New York Psychiatric Center, New York, NY
- Mt. Sinai Hospital, New York, NY
- South Shore Hospital, Weymouth, MA
- St. Lukes Hospital, Houston, TX

Hotels, Condominiums and Residential

- · Alyeska Prine Hotel, Girdwood, AK
- Comfort Inn Hotel, Anchorage, AK
- Emabarcadero Hotel, San Francisco, CA
- · Hesse Residence, Houston, TX
- · Marriott Hotel, Burlingame, CA
- Marriott Hotel, Providence, RI
- Marriott Hotel, San Francisco, CA
- North Beach Village, San Francisco, CA
- Oceana Residential Development, Brooklyn, NY
- San Antonio Housing, Oakland, CA
- Site "K" Apartments, San Francisco, CA
- The Canyons, Park City, UT
- The Clocktower Lofts, San Francisco, CA
- 111 Jones Street Apartments San Francisco CA

Houses of Worship

- Vancouver Community Church, Vancouver, WA
- · Asbury United Methodist Church, Tulsa, OK
- Trinity Church, Anchorage, AK
- Saint Aloysius Church, Moncton, NB

Ice Arenas

- Chipman Ice Arena, Chipman, NB
- General Motors Place, Vancouver, BC
- Kitchener Ice Arena, Kitchener, ON
- Listowell Arena, Listowell, ON
- Planet Ice, Coquitlam, BC
- Stoney Creek Arena, Stoney Creek, ON



St. Lukes Hospital, Houston, TX



The Canyons, Park City, UT



Asbury United Methodist Church, Tulsa, OK



Kitchener Ice Arena, Kitchener, ON

PROJECTS 32

Libraries

- Benton County Library, Corvalis, OR
- Calgary Public Library, Calgary, AB
- Canadian Centre for Architecture, Montreal, Quebec
- Vancouver Public Library, Vancouver, BC

Manufacturing & Warehouse Facilities

- American Tape Factory, Richmond, KT
- Atlantic Warehouse, Westwood, MA
- Berkshire Gas Company, Pittsfield, MA
- Branch Smith Printing, Fort Worth, TX
- · Chas. H. Lilly Co., Portland, OR
- · Kem Manufacturing, Tualatin, OR
- Lavar Summers Fruit Processors, Mud Lake, ID
- Nu-Tec Precision Metals, Waterbury, CT
- · Old Pullman Car Factory, Worchester, MA
- Pfizer Chemical, Groton, CT
- Precision Metals Corp., Stoughton, NY
- Romar Terminals, Cambridge, MA
- Royal Foods Distribution Centre, Edison, NJ
- · Spaulding Co., Rochester, NH
- Sports Plus Warehouse, Boston, MA
- Union Pacific Rail Road, Portland, OR
- · Weyerhauser Paper Plant, Coos Bay, OR
- · Williams Equipment, Salinas, CA

Marine

- Arklow Shipping Arklow Star, Bureau Veritas, Barkmeyer
- DERA RV Triton, Warship, Southampton UK
- Dublin Shipping Rathboyne, Bureau Veritas, Barkmeyer
- Feederlines Boterdiep, Lloyds Reg IC, Darnen
- Feederlines Zuiderdiep, Lloyd's Reg IC, Darnen
- Gulf Oil, ship housing for drilling operation, Beaufort Sea. AK
- M/V Cabot Ferry, NS
- Palmer Johnson Inevitable, Luxury Yacht, Sturgeon Bay, WI
- Palmer Johnson Savannah, Luxury Yacht, Sturgeon Bay, WI
- Reg Grundy Boadicea, Yacht, MSA, Ameis
- River Barge Excursions, New Orleans, LA



Vancouver Public Library, Vancouver, BC



Moody Gardens Hotel and Convention Center, Galveston, TX



Palmer Johnson Inevitable, Luxury Yacht, Sturgeon Bay, WI



Natatorium / Swimming Pools

- Comfort Inn Hotel Swimming Pool, Anchorage, AK
- Common Leisure Pool, Mississauga, ON
- Jarvis Pool, Toronto, ON
- Loretteville Swimming Pool, Loretteville, QC
- Maine Rehabilitation Center Pool, Waterville, ME
- Monarch Park Pool, Toronto, ON
- Norians' Residence Pool, Toronto, ON
- Vanier Pool, Toronto, ON
- Variety Village Pool, Toronto, ON

Office Complexes and Towers

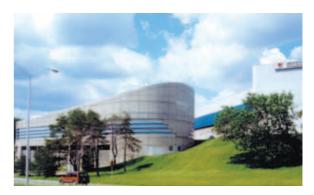
- · Alewife Center, Cambridge, MA
- Canary Wharf, London, UK
- Glaxo Pharmaceutical Headquarters and Manufacturing Plant, Greensboro, NC
- IBM, Somers, NY
- JFK Building, Boston, MA
- Johnson & Johnson Corporate Headquarters, Golden Triangle Building, New Brunswick NJ
- Mineral Spring Office Building, Providence, RI
- Nike World Headquarters, Portland, OR
- Proctor & Gamble, Cincinnati, OH
- Spyglass Office Building, Austin, TX
- Tektronix Corporate Headquarters, Beaverton, OR
- · VISA Metro Center, Phase I, Foster City, CA

Restaurants / Night Clubs

- Century City Brew Pub, Surrey, BC
- Planet Hollywood, New York NY
- Shooter's Restaurant, Providence, RI
- The Unicorn / Mavericks, Vancouver, BC
- University of Rhode Island, Dining Hall, Kingston, RI

Shopping Malls & Retail Facilities

- Bertelly Office Complex, Castroville, CA
- · Bish's Outdoors, Idaho Falls, ID
- Carousel Mall, Syracuse, NY
- Chevron Gas Station, San Ramon, CA
- · Citizens Bank, Providence, RI
- Eaton Center, Toronto, ON
- IKEA, Vancouver, BC
- Bed, Bath & Beyond, College Station, TX



Variety Village Pool, Toronto, ON



IBM, Somers, NY



Planet Hollywood, New York NY



IKEA, Vancouver, BC

- Palisades Center, West Nyack, NY
- Phipps Plaza, Atlanta, GA
- State Street Bank, Boston, MA
- Super Stop & Shop, Waterbury, CT
- Town East Mall, Mesquite, TX
- Yonkers Dodge, Yonkers, NY

Stadiums & Sports Facilities

- Alerro Center, Belle Chasse, LA
- General Motors Place, Vancouver, BC
- Len Casanova Athletic Center, Eugene, OR
- Mesquite Rodeo Arena, Mesquite, TX
- Ohio State University Stadium, Columbus, OH
- Paul Brown Stadium, Cincinnati, OH
- Rams Head Center, Chappel Hill, NC
- Strahand Coliseum Texas State University, San Marcos, TX
- The Fed Ex Forum, Memphis, TN
- Arthur Ashe Stadium/U.S. Tennis Center, Flushing Meadows, NY

Studios (Film, Television, Radio)

- Paramount Pictures Vancouver Film Studios, Vancouver, BC
- School of Mass Communications, University Of New Orleans, New Orleans, LA
- WKRR Rock 92 Radio Station, Greensboro, NC

State Owned / Public Works

- Binghamton State Office, Binghamton, NY
- Department of Administration, Providence, RI
- Detroit Water and Sewage Department Building, Detroit, MI
- Filtration Plant, Newport, RI
- JFK Building, Boston, MA
- NASA Integrated Test Facility, Edwards Air Force Base, CA
- New York State Office Building, New York, NY
- · Oregon Health Sciences, Portland, OR
- Oregon National Guard Commander Center, Portland, OR
- Pennsylvania Dept. of Transport, PENNDOT, Harrisburg, PA
- South Anchorage Police Shooting Range, Anchorage, AK
- State Compo Insurance Fund, San Jose, CA
- State Employment Building, Salem, OR
- U.S. Postal Facility, Polk Gulch, San Francisco, CA



Paul Brown Stadium, Cincinnati, OH



Paramount Pictures Vancouver Film Studios, Vancouver, BC



JFK Building, Boston, MA



TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Spray Thermal/Acoustic Insulation Divisions 7 & 9

Product Name

Monoglass® Spray-On Insulation, Glass Fiber Insulation Spray Applied for Thermal and Acoustic Applications.

Manufacturer

Monoglass® Incorporated 922 - 1200 W. 73rd Avenue Vancouver, BC Canada V6P 6G5 Phone: 888-777-2966

Phone: 604-261-7712 Fax: 604-261-1342 www.monoglass.com e-mail: info@monoglass.com

Product Description

BASIC USE

Monoglass®Spray-On is intended for use in residential and commercial construction, for use as a thermal and acoustic insulation. It can be sprayed onto most surfaces, in wall and ceiling applications.

COMPOSITION & MATERIALS

Monoglass®Spray-On is made from 37% recycled glass, is inorganic, non-toxic, odorless,and white for high light reflectance.Monoglass® is a noncombustible product, and contains no cellulose or asbestos. The polymer adhesive used to apply Monoglass®Fiber is water based and nonhazardous.

APPLICATIONS

Monoglass®bonds to concrete, wood, steel, gypsum, rigid fiberglass, plastic insulations and most painted surfaces. The pneumatic application allows it to be spray applied to virtually any surface configuration.

LIMITATIONS

Maximum thickness to be spray applied or overhead surfaces without mechanical support is 127mm. Higher R-Values can be achieved with mechanical support, contact Monoglass® Inc. for details.

Maximum thickness to be sprayed on vertical surfaces without mechanical support is 178mm.

Monoglass®Adhesive must be kept from freezing. Monoglass® cannot be applied when ambient and substrate temperatures are below 1°C / 34°F during the application and until the product is completely dry to the substrate. Adequate dry heat and ventilation must be supplied at low temperatures. Monoglass® Fiber should be kept dry during shipping and storage prior to installation.

Technical Data

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

- Fire Hazard ASTM E84-79: Flame Spread = 0, Smoke Developed = 0
- Thermal Conductivity ASTM C518:
 K-Factor = 0.25
- Noise Reduction Coefficient ISO 354

 NRC .75@25.4mm NRC .95@50.8mm

 ASTM C423-77: NRC .55@0.7"
 NRC .80@35.56mm
- Dry Density ASTM D1622-83: 3.0 pounds/cubic foot
- Non-Combustibility
 ASTM E-136-82: Non-Combustible
- Air Erosion ASTM 859: No Weight Loss
- Adhesion/Cohesion ASTM E-736-86: Passed
- Fungal Bacterial Resistance ASTM G-21-90: No Growth

ACCEPTANCES

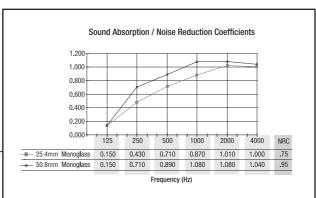
- GreenSpec Approved Product
- National Building Code, Canada: CCMC 10025-R
- Canada Board of Steamship Inspection
- New York State Building Standards: MEA 333-88M
- State of California: CA-T318CN
- British Standard: BS-476 pt4
- International Marine Organization: ISO 1182:1990
- South Africa Bureau of Standards and International Standards Organization: Thermal, Acoustic & Non-Combustibility

Installation

Monoglass® Spray-On shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, using only Monoglass® Bonding Adhesive with Monoglass® Fiber. Contact Monoglass® Inc. for further details.

Monoglass® can be applied to most surfaces, however all surfaces should be inspected to ensure they are dry, clean, free of oil, grease, dirt, loose paint, mill scale or other deleterious material that would impair bond or cause staining of the product.

The Monoglass® surface can be left untamped for conventional finishes or tamped and over-sprayed for flatter finish. Monoglass® can also be applied with Monoglass® pre-tinted adhesives, or painted to the desired colour.



Availability & Cost

Monoglass® Spray-On insulation is available throughout the United States and Canada, and many countries worldwide. Contact Monoglass® Inc. for the names of contractors and Monoglass® Agents in your area.

Technical Assistance

Please contact Monoglass® Inc. or your Monoglass® Agent for technical assistance, complete product literature and test reports.



STANDARD SPECIFICATION GUIDE

PROPERTY TEST METHOD RESULTS

Fire Hazard Classification

ASTM E84-79: Flame Spread - 0 Smoke Developed - 0

ASTM E-736: **Bond Strength**

4.062kPA ASTM E-136

Non-Combustibility **Smolder Resistance**

CGSB 51-GP-36P

Dry Density

ASTM D-1622-83: 3.0 pounds/cubic foot

Thermal Conductivity K-Factor .25

ASTM C-518:

Noise Reduction Coefficient

ISO 354:

25.4mm/1" NRC = .75 50.8mm/2" NRC = .95

Fire Gas Toxicity University of Pittsburgh Protocol

Passed

Fungus & Bacterial Resistance

ASTM G-21-90

Air Erosion

- No Growth ASTM E-859 at 6.6mtrs/sec: No weight loss or damage

c) MONOGLASS® Bonding Adhesive shall be mixed with fresh, clean potable water to the exact proportions recommended by the manufacturer.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

Examine all surfaces and conditions to which the work of this section is to be applied. Ensure they are adequate to provide a satisfactory application of the specified materials. Report any deficiencies to the design authority.

3.2 PREPARATION

a) Remove any dust, dirt, foreign material, loose paint, etc. on surfaces to which the work is to be applied, which could otherwise create a false bond or staining of insulation. Clean and seal as required.

- b) Verify bond requirements and compatibility of all surfaces to receive thermal insulation. materials.
- c) Ensure that all ducts, piping, equipment, or other items which would interfere with application of thermal insulation are not positioned until thermal insulation work is completed.

3.3 APPLICATION

- a) Mix and apply thermal insulation in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommendations
- b) Apply insulation to the substrate as specified in the site drawings.
- c) Apply insulation to substrate in sufficient thickness to achieve the required thermal (acoustical) value. Board tamp and over-spray with adhesive if required by design authority.

3.4 CLEAN-UP

- a) Remove sprayed thermal insulation from material and surfaces not specifically required to be insulated.
- b) Broom clean work areas affected by the work of this section.

3.5 OPTIONS

- a) If required by design authority, board tamp sprayed insulation surface and apply Monoglass®adhesive to seal the tamped insulation surface, in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- b) Paint as required, or apply spray insulation using manufacturer's pre-tinted adhesives, as per manufacturers instructions.

3.6 RETURN AIR PLENUMS

For return air plenum applications, finish as in Options 3.5(a).

MONOGLASS® TEST REPORT SUMMARY

Monoglass® Test Data

Monoglass® has been tested to the following Test Standards applicable to spray applied thermal and/or acoustic insulation. Complete copies of test reports are available for your review on our website: www.monoglass.com or simply call us to receive a copy by fax.

Please contact Monoglass® Incorporated if you have any questions regarding this information.

PROPERTY	TEST	REQUIREMENT	RESULT
Thermal Characteristics	ASTM C-518-76		
Noise Reduction Coefficient	ASTM C-423-77 ISO 354		17.78mm = .55 NRC 35.56mm = .80 NRC 25.40mm = .75 NRC 50.80mm = .95 NRC
Sound Transmission	ASTM E-90-85		STC 28: 37.5 mm Monoglass® on .5mm metal sheet
Field Sound Transmission Loss	Test No.113-601		FSTC 55: 25.40mm Monoglass®on concrete
Air Erosion	ASTM E-859		No Weight Loss or damage
Light Reflectance	GE reflectivity		80-85%
Vibration Resistance Type 1	CGSB 51-GP-11M	Maximum 0.5%	Passed:0.02%
Field Density	ASTM D-1622-83 CGSB-51-GP-36P		3.0 lbs/ft³ 2.6 lbs/ft³
Bond Strength (Adhesion / Cohesion)	ASTM E736 CGSB 51-GP-36P	Not less than 1.7 kPa	Passed: 4.062 kPa
Moisture Absorption	CGSB 51-GP-36P	Maximum 20%	Passed: 4.9%
Fungus & Bacterial Resistance	ASTM G-21-90		Zero Rating - No Growth
Non-Combustibility	CAN 4-S114-78 ISO 1182-90 / Part 1 of IMO FTP Code ASTM E-136-82		Passed: Non-Combustible
Fire Hazard Classification / Surface Burning Characteristics	ASTM E84-79 ULC S-102-M88		0 Flame Spread 0 Fuel Contribution 0 Smoke Developed
Fire Gas Toxicity	Univ. of Pittsburgh Protocol		Passed Max CO ₂ : 3.5% Max CO: 0.30%



MONOGLASS® TEST REPORT SUMMARY

Acceptances

- National Building Code Canada CCMC #10025-R
- New York State Building Standards MEA #333-88M
- State of California CA-T318(CN)
- GreenSpec
 Green Building Material Approved

Marine Approvals

- International Marine Organization Non-Combustible Material as tested to ISO 1182-90 / Part 1 of IMO FTP Code
- Lloyd's Register EMEA Certificate of Fire Approval No. SAS F030479
- Canadian Coast Guard
 Board of Steamship Inspection
 Approved Material, Certificate No. F1-319
- China Register of Shipping 321-97-22

INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS		
British Standards	Surface Spread of Flame	BS-476 Part 4: Class 1
South African Bureau of Standards	Thermal	Report 722/82316/KK41 : ISO 8301:1991
(SABS)	Acoustic	Report 717/85190/K30 : ISO 354:1985
	Non-Combustibility	Report 0177 Part 3 & 5 : ISO 1182:1990
International Standards Organization	Thermal	ISO 8301:1991 / ASTM C518 / SABS 722
(ISO)	Acoustic	ISO 354:1985 / ASTM C423 /SABS 717
	Non-Combustibility	ISO 1182:1990 / CAN 4-S114 / SABS 0177

TEST DATA & TECHNICAL SPECS



Thermatec Technology Unit 2 / 401 Francis Street Brooklyn, Victoria 3025 September 2, 2008

To Whom it May Concern:

Re: Ozone Depleting Potential

Thank you for your inquiry regarding Monoglass.

Please be advised that the Ozone Depleting Potential of Monoglass is zero.

Should you have any questions or require further information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Monoglass Incorporated

Joe McDermid CTR

Director - Sales & Marketing

Monoglass / Cellulose Comparison

Property	Monoglass	Cellulose
R-Value	4.0 per inch ASTM C518	Unpublished – a range of R3 to R19 is usually provided. Some specifications will indicate an R Value of 3.8/inch
Installed thickness	Easily installed to 5 inches in one pass with no mechanical support	Double or multiple passes required to achieve thickness over 3 inches.
Surface Burning	Flame Spread = 0 Smoke Developed = 0 Fuel Contributed = 0 ASTM 84 ULCS 102	Information not available
Combustibility	Naturally non-combustible ISO 1182	Achieved only through chemical treatment (borate additive), which may dissipate over time – per cellulose literature
Air Erosion	Zero Mass loss ASTME E859	Information not available
Mold Growth	Product is inorganic and will not support mold growth ASTM G 21	Achieved only through chemical treatment (borate additive), which may dissipate over time. Per cellulose literature
Recycled Content	Never less than 37%, 25% of which is from post consumer material	Made from recycled newspaper. Approximately 60% to 80% recycled content
Natural Appearance	Bright White	Tan
Colors available	Various	Various

E. & O.E. January 2007

This material is confidential and not for distribution past the intended recipient.

ORTECH-

For: Monoglass Incorporated

Thermal Evaluation

Report No: 95-J53-B0132

Page I of 2

ACCREDITATION

Standards Council of Canada, Registration #101.

REGISTRATION

ISO 9002-1987, registered by QMI, Registration #001109.

INTRODUCTION

Samples of Monoglass were submitted for thermal resistance testing in accordance with section 9.3.7 of the CGSB 51-GP-36 Draft Standard for Spray Applied Cellulosic Fibre. The samples were assigned the ORTECH Sample No. 95-J53-M0255B.

RESULTS

Table 1 - Thermal Resistance Results					
Specimen	mK/W	25 mmK/W			
95-J53-M0255B-1	28.334	0.708			
95-J53-M0255B-2	28.337	0.708			
95-J53-M0255B-3	28.744	0.719			
Average	28.472	0.712			

Please see attached Table 2 for the detailed thermal resistance results.

Franz/C/Bauer

Project Manager

Building Performance Technology

Pamela Miki Shinkoda, P.Eng.

Project Engineer

Building Performance Technology

For: Monoglass Incorporated Thermal Evaluation Report No: 95-J53-B0132 Page 2 of 2

Table 2 - Thermal Transmission Properties (ASTM C-518)						
ORTECH Sample: 95-153-M0255B-1		Units		ish Units		
ONTROPE SURPLE - 93-335/102205-E	in and and a	ALFILLY.		Sit Onts		
Specimen thickness	37.84	mm.	1.490	inch		
Specimen density	62.87	kg/m³	3.92	lbs/ft³		
Hot surface temperature	34.99	°C	94.99	°F		
Cold surface temperature	12.99	°C	55.38	∘F		
Temperature differential	22.00	°C	39.60	°I'		
Mean test temperature	23.99	°C	75.18	°F		
Heat flux through the specimen	20.521	W/m²	6.506	Btu/ft³.h		
Thermal conductance of the specimen	0.933	W/m².°K	0.164	Btu/ft².h.°F		
Thermal resistance of the specimen	1.072	m².°K/W	6.088	°F.ft².h/Btu		
Thermal resistance of the specified Thermal conductivity at the tested thickness	0.035	m '∧/ w W/m.°K.	0.088	Btu.in/ft2.h.°F		
Thermal conductivity at the tested thickness Thermal resistance per unit thickness	28.334	m.°K/W	4.086	°F.ft².h/Btu.in		
racman resistance per unit unekness	29.334	III. AJ W	4.080	T.IP.II/DULIII		
avenuestas de vertenzanta						
ORTECH Sample: 95-159-M0255B-2)	Units	bru.	sh Units		
	45.51					
Specimen thickness	37.71	mm.	1,485	inch		
Specimen density	62.16	kg/m³	3.88	lbs/ft ³		
Hot surface temperature	35.00	°C	94,99	°F		
Cold surface temperature	13.00	°C	55.39	F		
Temperature differential	22.00	°C	39.60	°F		
Mean test temperature	24.00	°C	75.19	°F		
Heat flux through the specimen	20.589	W/m^2	6.528	Btu/ft².h		
Thermal conductance of the specimen	0.936	W/m²,°K	0.165	Btu/ft².h.ºF		
Thermal resistance of the specimen	1.069	m².°K/W	6.067	°F.ft².h/Btu		
Thermal conductivity at the tested thickness	0.035	W/m.°K	0.245	Btu.in/ft2.h.ºF		
Thermal resistance per unit thickness	28.337	m.°K/W	4.087	°F.ft2.h/Btu.in		
ORTECH Sample: 95-753-M0255B-3	\$1	Units	Brit	sh Units		
Specimen thickness	38.07	mm,	1.499	inch		
Specimen density	69,56	kg/m³	4.34	lbs/ft³		
Hot surface temperature	35.00	°C	95.00	°F		
Cold surface temperature	13.02	°C	55.43	o ^E Z.		
Temperature differential	21.98	°C	39.57	°F		
Mean test temperature	24.01	°C	75.21	°F		
Heat flux through the specimen	20.088	W/m ²	6.369	Btu/ft².h		
Thermal conductance of the specimen	0.914	W/m².^K	0.161	Btu/ft2.h.°F		
Thermal resistance of the specimen	1.094	m².°K/W	6,213	°F.ft2.h/Btu		
Thermal conductivity at the tested thickness	0.035	W/m.°K	0.241	Btu.in/ft2.h_°F		
Thermal resistance per unit thickness	28.744	m.°K/W	4.146	°F.ft2.h/Btu.in		